1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	for
3	H. B. 2438
4 5 6	(By Delegates Miley, Hunt, Brown, Frazier, Barker, Moore, Hamilton and Ellem)
7	(Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary)
8	[January 19, 2011]
9	
10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$3-1-2$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended; to amend and reenact $\$3-4-18$ and $\$3-4-19$ of
12	said code; and to amend and reenact $\$3-4A-9$ and $\$3-4A-20$ of
13	said code, all relating to independent voters; defining
14	independent voters; and reforming conflicts in voting
15	procedures.
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
17	That §3-1-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
18	be amended and reenacted; that $\$3-4-18$ and $\$3-4-19$ of said code be
19	amended and reenacted; and that $\$3-4A-9$ and $\$3-4A-20$ of said code
20	be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:
21	ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND DEFINITIONS.
22	<pre>§3-1-2. Scope of chapter; definitions.</pre>
23	Unless restricted by the context, the provisions of this
24	chapter shall apply to every general, primary and special election
25	in which candidates are nominated or elected or in which voters
26	pass upon any public question submitted to them, except that the
27	provisions hereof shall be construed to be operative in municipal

1 elections only in those instances in which they are made expressly
2 so applicable.

3 Unless the context clearly requires a different meaning, as 4 herein used:

5 "Voter" shall mean means any person who possesses the 6 statutory and Constitutional qualifications for voting;

7 <u>"Independent" means a registered voter who declined to state</u> 8 <u>a preference for party affiliation on their voter registration or</u> 9 <u>who listed a party affiliation which is not qualified as a</u> 10 <u>political party as defined in section eight, article one of this</u> 11 <u>chapter.</u>

12 "Election" shall mean means the procedures whereby the voters 13 of this state or any subdivision thereof elect persons to fill 14 public offices, or elect members of a Constitutional convention, or 15 vote on public questions;

16 "Any election" or "all elections" shall include means every 17 general, primary or special election held in this state, or in any 18 of its subdivisions, for the purpose of nominating or electing 19 federal or state officers, or county, city, town or village 20 officers of any subdivision now existing or hereafter created, or 21 for the purpose of electing members of a Constitutional convention, 22 or for voting upon any public question submitted to the people of 23 the state or any of the aforesaid subdivisions;

24 "Office" shall be construed to mean <u>or</u> "public office" which 25 shall include <u>means</u>: (1) Any elective office provided for by the 26 Constitution or laws of the United States or of this state to which

1 a salary or other compensation attaches; and or (2) membership in 2 a Constitutional convention.

3 "Candidate" shall mean means any person to be voted for at an 4 election;

5 "Public question" shall mean means any issue or proposition, 6 now or hereafter required by the governing body of this state or 7 any of its subdivisions to be submitted to the voters of the state 8 or subdivision for decision at elections;

9 The term "minor" as used in article four, section one of the 10 State Constitution and as used in this chapter shall mean means a 11 person who has not become eighteen years of age.

12 ARTICLE 4. VOTING MACHINES.

13 §3-4-18. Conducting voting machine elections generally; duties of 14 election officials.

15 (1) The election officers shall constantly and diligently 16 maintain a watch in order to see that no <u>a</u> person votes <u>does not</u> 17 <u>vote</u> more than once and to prevent any voter from occupying the 18 voting machine for more than three minutes.

19 (2) In primary elections, before a voter is permitted to use 20 the voting machine, the election officer representing the party to 21 <u>of</u> which the voter belongs, shall adjust the machine so that the 22 voter will be able to vote only for the candidates who are seeking 23 nomination on the ticket of the party with which the voter is 24 affiliated, <u>unless the voter requests an alternative ballot of a</u> 25 <u>political party which has determined such a voter may participate</u>

1 in its primary election voting.

(3) If the machine is so constructed as to require adjustment
after one person has voted before another person can vote, the
election officers shall so adjust it after each person has voted.
(4) The election officers shall issue to each voter when he
signs the poll book a card or ticket numbered to correspond to the
number on the poll book of such voter, and in the case of a primary
election, indicating the party affiliation of such voter, which
numbered card or ticket shall be presented to the election officer

11 §3-4-19. Independent voting in primary elections.

12 If at any primary elections nonpartisan candidates for office 13 and public questions are submitted to the voters and on which 14 candidates and questions persons registered as "independent" are 15 entitled to vote, as provided in section eighteen <u>five(b)(3)</u> of 16 article two of this chapter, the <u>Unless an independent voter is</u> 17 permitted to participate in the primary election of a political 18 party, the following provisions apply to independent voters in 19 primary elections that include non-partisan candidates or public 20 questions:

21 (1) Election officers shall adjust the voting machines, if 22 mechanically possible to do so, so that such "independent" voters 23 may vote only those portions of the voting machine ballot relating 24 to the nonpartisan candidates and the public questions submitted. 25 (2) If the voting machines cannot be so adjusted for the 26 independent voters, then such independent voters, under the close

1 supervision of two commissioners of the election of different 2 political party affiliation, shall be permitted to use the voting 3 machines for voting only those parts of the ballot relating to such 4 nonpartisan candidates and public questions so submitted to the 5 voters.

6 <u>(3)</u> In lieu of using the <u>a</u> voting machines <u>machine</u>, such <u>an</u> 7 independent <u>voters</u> <u>voter</u> may request <u>an</u> official printed ballots 8 <u>ballot</u>. relating to such nonpartisan candidates and public 9 questions. Such <u>A</u> ballots <u>ballot</u>, when signed on the back by the 10 poll clerks as in other elections, shall be voted and folded by the 11 independent voter and shall be delivered to one of the election 12 commissioners who shall secure same in a sealed or locked container 13 until canvassed and counted in the same manner as provided for 14 handling and recording absent voter ballots as provided in the 15 section next hereafter.

16 ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.

17 §3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.

An electronic voting system of particular make and design may 19 not be approved by the State Election Commission or be purchased, 20 leased or used by any county commission unless it meets the 21 following requirements:

(1) It secures or ensures the voter absolute secrecy in the act of voting or, at the voter's election, provides for open voting;

25 (2) It is constructed to ensure that no person, except in 26 instances of open voting as provided in this section, can see or

1 know for whom any the contents of a ballot may not be seen or known
2 by anyone other than the voter who has voted or is voting;

3 (3) It permits each voter to vote at any election for all 4 persons and offices for whom and which he or she is lawfully 5 entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any person appears on 6 a ballot or ballot label as a candidate; and it permits each voter 7 to vote for as many persons for an office as he or she is lawfully 8 entitled to vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon 9 which he or she is lawfully entitled to vote. The automatic 10 tabulating equipment used in electronic voting systems is to reject 11 choices recorded on any ballot if the number of choices exceeds the 12 number to which a voter is entitled;

13 (4) It permits each voter to deposit, write in, affix upon a 14 ballot, card, envelope or other medium to be provided for that 15 purpose, ballots containing the names of persons for whom he or she 16 desires to vote whose names do not appear upon the ballots or 17 ballot labels;

18 (5) It permits each voter to change his or her vote for any 19 candidate and upon any question appearing upon the ballots or 20 ballot labels up to the time when his or her ballot is deposited in 21 the ballot box or his or her ballot is cast by electronic means;

22 (6) It contains a program deck consisting of cards that are 23 sequentially numbered or consisting of a computer program disk, 24 diskette, tape or other programming media containing sequentially 25 numbered program instructions and coded or otherwise protected from 26 tampering or substitution of the media or program instructions by

1 of unauthorized persons and capable of tabulating all votes cast in
2 each election;

3 (7) It contains two standard validation test decks approved as 4 to form and testing capabilities by the State Election Commission; 5 (8) It correctly records and counts accurately all votes cast 6 each for the candidate and for and against each question appearing 7 upon the ballots or ballot labels;

8 (9) It permits each voter at any election, other than <u>a</u> primary 9 elections <u>election</u>, by one mark or punch to vote a straight party 10 ticket, as provided in section five, article six of this chapter<u></u>, 11 by one mark or punch;

(10) It permits each <u>a</u> voter in <u>a</u> primary <u>elections</u> <u>election</u> to: (A) vote only for the candidates of the party for which he or the <u>the voter</u> is legally permitted to vote; (B) vote for the candidates, if any, for nonpartisan nominations or election; and (C) <u>vote on public questions;</u> and precludes him or her <u>the voter</u> from voting for any candidate seeking nomination by any other political party <u>unless that political party has determined that the voter may</u> <u>participate in its primary election</u> permits him or her to vote for the candidates, if any, for nonpartisan nomination or election and permits him or her to vote on public questions;

(11) It, where applicable, is provided with means for sealing or electronically securing the vote recording device to prevent its and to prevent tampering with ballot labels, both before the polls are open or before the operation of the vote recording device for an election is begun and immediately after the polls are closed

1 of after the operation of the vote recording device for an election
2 is completed;

3 (12) It has the capacity to contain the names of candidates 4 constituting the tickets of at least nine political parties and 5 accommodates the wording of at least fifteen questions;

6 (13) (A) Direct recording electronic voting machines must 7 generate a paper copy of each voter's votes vote that will be 8 automatically kept within a storage container, that is locked, 9 closely attached to the direct recording electronic voting machine, 10 and inaccessible to all but authorized voting officials, who will 11 handle such storage containers and such paper copies contained 12 therein in accordance with section nineteen of this article.

(B) The paper copy of the voter's vote shall be generated at 14 the time the voter is at the voting station using the direct 15 recording electronic voting machine.

16 (C) The voter may examine the paper copy visually or through 17 headphone readout, and may accept or reject the printed copy.

18 (D) The voter may not touch, handle or manipulate the printed19 copy manually in any way.

(E) Once the printed copy of the voter's votes is accepted by the voter as correctly reflecting the voter's intent, but not before, it will automatically be stored for recounts or random checks and the electronic vote will be cast within the computer mechanism of the direct recording electronic voting machine.

25 (F) Direct recording electronic voting machines with a 26 mandatory paper copy shall be approved by the Secretary of State.

1 The Secretary of State may promulgate rules and emergency rules to 2 implement or enforce this subsection pursuant to the provisions of 3 section five, article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.

4 (14) Where vote recording devices are used, they shall:
5 (A) Be durably constructed of material of good quality and in
6 a workmanlike manner and in a form which makes it safely
7 transportable;

8 (B) Be constructed with frames for the placing of ballot labels 9 that the labels upon which are printed the names of candidates and 10 their respective parties, titles of offices office and wording of 11 questions are reasonably protected from mutilation, disfigurement 12 or disarrangement or are constructed to ensure that the screens upon 13 which appear the names of the candidates and their respective 14 parties, titles of offices and wording of questions are reasonably 15 protected any from modification;

16 (C) Bear a number that will identify it or distinguish it from 17 any other machine;

18 (D) Be constructed to ensure that a voter may easily learn the 19 method of operating it and may expeditiously cast his or her vote 20 for all candidates of his or her choice and upon any public 21 question;

(E) Be accompanied by a mechanically or electronically operated instruction model which shows the arrangement of ballot labels, party columns or rows, and questions;

25 (F) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 26 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of

1 touch: (i) Be constructed to provide for the direct electronic 2 recording and tabulating of votes cast in a system specifically 3 designed and engineered for the election application;

4 (G) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 5 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of 6 touch, (ii) Be constructed to prevent any voter from voting for more 7 than the allowable number of candidates for any office, to include 8 an audible or visual signal, or both, warning any voter who attempts 9 to vote for more than the allowable number of candidates for any 10 office or who attempts to cast his or her ballot prior to its 11 completion and are constructed to include a visual or audible 12 confirmation, or both, to the voter upon completion and casting of 13 the ballot;

(H) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, (iii) Be constructed to present the entire ballot to the voter, in a series of sequential pages, and to ensure that the voter sees all of the ballot options on all pages before completing his or her vote and to allow the voter to review and change all ballot choices prior to completing and casting his or her ballot;

(I) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, (iv) Be constructed to allow election commissioners to spoil a ballot where a voter fails to properly cast his or her ballot, has be departed the polling place and cannot be recalled by a poll clerk to complete his or her ballot;

1 (J) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 2 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of 3 touch, (v) Be constructed to allow election commissioners, poll 4 clerks, or both, to designate, mark or otherwise record provisional 5 ballots;

6 (K) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 7 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of 8 touch, <u>(vi)</u> Consist of devices which are independent, nonnetworked 9 voting systems in which each vote is recorded and retained within 10 each device's internal nonvolatile electronic memory and contain an 11 internal security, the absence of which prevents substitution of any 12 other device;

(L) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, <u>(vii)</u> Store each vote in no fewer than three separate, independent, nonvolatile electronic memory components and that each device contains comprehensive diagnostics to ensure that failures all not go undetected;

19 (M) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 20 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of 21 touch, (viii) Contain a unique, embedded internal serial number for 22 auditing purposes for each device used to activate, retain and 23 record votes;

(N) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of (ix) Be constructed to record all preelection, election and

1 post-election activities, including all ballot images and system
2 anomalies, in each device's internal electronic memory and are to
3 be accessible in electronic or printed form;

4 (0) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon 5 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of 6 touch, (x) Be constructed with a battery backup system in each 7 device to, at a minimum, prevent the loss of any votes, as well as 8 all preelection, election and post-election activities, including 9 all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in the device's 10 internal electronic memory and to allow voting to continue for two 11 hours of uninterrupted operation in case of an electrical power 12 failure; and

(P) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, <u>(xi)</u> Be constructed to prevent the loss of any votes, as well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in each device's internal electronic memory even in case of an electrical and battery power failure.

20 §3-4A-20. Independent voting in primary elections.

If at any primary elections, nonpartisan candidates for office and public questions are submitted to the voters on which persons registered as "independent" are entitled to vote, as provided in section eighteen article two of this chapter, the <u>Unless an</u> independent voter is permitted to participate in the primary election of a political party, the following provisions apply to

1 independent voters in primary elections that include non-partisan
2 candidates or public questions:

3 (1) Election officers shall provide a vote recording device, 4 where applicable, or the appropriate ballot to be marked by an 5 electronically sensible pen or ink, or by means of a stylus or by 6 means of touch, so that independent voters may vote only those 7 portions of the ballot relating to the nonpartisan candidates and 8 the public questions submitted, or shall provide a ballot containing 9 only provisions for voting for those candidates and upon those 10 issues submitted common to the ballots provided to all voters 11 regardless of political party affiliation, or both.

12 (2) In counties utilizing electronic voting systems in which 13 votes are recorded by perforating, if vote recording devices are not 14 available for the independent voters, provisions are to be made for 15 sealing the partisan section or sections of the ballot or ballot 16 labels on a vote recording device using temporary seals, thus 17 permitting the independent voter to vote for the nonpartisan section 18 or sections of the ballot or ballot labels.

19 <u>(3)</u> After the <u>an</u> independent voter has voted, the temporary 20 seals may be removed and the device may then be used by partisan 21 voters.